Psyche + Physique

Janet Winkie
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by

Janet Winkie

April 3 – 19, 2006
Bevier Gallery, Rochester, NY
Janet Winkie

Psyche + Physique
MFA Thesis Exhibition
April 3 – 19, 2006

Rochester Institute of Technology
Bevier Gallery
Rochester, NY 14623

Thesis Approval

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Abstract

Through this thesis I explore how human perceptions are made regarding masculinity and the impact that apparel and environment have on the male psyche and physique. I perceive the function of men’s apparel as providing a hinge, or entry point into the male identity, ultimately examining themes such as gender roles, sexuality, social class and age. In this thesis exploration, I intend to examine the male physique and embody it using male and female byproducts, found objects and accessories.

Incorporating themes such as space and place, this practice of assemblage and installation offers the “staging” of male-themed spaces, providing dialogue pertaining to the performance of male sexuality, allowing new ways of seeing how men are socially identified. The fabricated environments I have constructed in this body of work allow the viewer to contemplate their familiarity with surroundings and question their fabricated identities. This body of work does not intend to recreate environments, rather staging a moment of male existence.

Through the process of making, I focus on male-themed content and utilize my female role as a medium or working tool. As a mixed media artist, found objects are deconstructed, altered or manipulated, causing a loss of function, yet ultimately leading to a rebirth of materials and meaning. Through the use of apparel as a tool, and space as a format, I want to evoke strong reactions related to the construction and the assimilation of the male identity. Through this exploration I studied contemporary installation artists such as Ann Hamilton and Robert Gober who provided evidence of utilizing apparel as a
symbolic medium through which the viewer can achieve a deeper understanding of the
metaphysical impact of both mind and body.

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I would like to take this opportunity to acknowledge the individuals who offered thought provoking discussions, as well as moments of clarity during the process of making this thesis body of work. I appreciate the generous time and effort submitted by Tom Lightfoot, Amos Scully and Alex Miokovic. There are moments when an artist cannot make sense of what is in front of them; all it takes is someone distanced from the material, process and intent to walk in and figure out that it’s all about male castration!

Thank You.

Sincerely,

Janet Winkie
Thesis Proposal

Bodily experience informs my physical and mental state as an artist. A part of the body has often been apparent in my artwork through the use of symbolism, color and/or found objects. As a result, my sculptures become emotionally charged, which establishes a dialogue between the artwork and the viewer. By exploring the function of apparel and its related environment, in my artwork, I hope to reveal and distort both internal and external boundaries within the body.

In this thesis exploration, I intend to examine the male physique and embody it using male and female byproducts and accessories. Found objects such as vintage gloves may by sewn together in order to conceptualize a jockstrap found within a locker room setting. The absence of the body is crucial to the work, making each piece an independent object, as opposed to them being objects of fashion. By manipulating the context of found objects within an installation format, I hope to evoke strong reactions from the viewer in relation to the construction and conditioning of gender identity.

Robert Gober and Jana Sterbak are two mixed media artists who seem to approach issues relating to installation, apparel, and gender. I intend to research Gober’s approach to installation, as well as Sterbak’s methods of apparel and accessories as sculpture. I will explore themes of gender identity, in relation to apparel, through sculptural objects, sewn fabric and drawings. By experimenting with installation formats I intend to investigate possible means to create a cohesive body of work with strong impact, further pushing the concept of apparel as sculpture. Through this work I hope to
explore and question how the assimilation of gender identity is interrelated with the apparel we wear and the environment from which this apparel stems from.

**Introduction**

Apparel is a signifier of identity. It reinforces whom we are or how we want to be perceived. The function of apparel allows for the construction and conditioning of identity. It is a symbol of human culture. What we wear is an extension of the self. For example, a business executive not dressing the social role he or she is entitled to may be identified as someone lacking status, intelligence or discipline. In other words, individuals may not be identified in their social roles until they have “dressed the part”.

As mundane as the daily act of dressing is for the majority of society, there is an undercurrent of hidden meaning behind what apparel we place on our bodies. Human culture embeds apparel with meaning. This intimate relationship with apparel can be greatly influenced by the environments or surroundings in which apparel is worn. Social environments condition the selection process of apparel and its acceptance. A gym coach will acquire a social role while wearing apparel such as shorts, sneakers and a sweatshirt. Playing the role of a gym coach implies looking like one and conforming to the relative surroundings.

The term apparel implies a tactile covering or adornment. I utilize the concept of adornment as attiring or embellishing the body with identity. There is a function related to apparel, pointing at how elaborate garments assist in the definition of identity. Through this thesis I isolate and reinvent the value of function in relation to apparel. Utilizing scissors, sewing techniques and pattern making, I reevaluate the function of
jockstraps, dress shirts, socks and pants, confirming the origin of apparel. The transformation process of found objects and apparel provide ambiguous forms.

Consumers identify apparel as a result of visual cues found within the garment. Inspired by apparel, Jana Sterbak is an artist who presents found apparel and accessories as sculpture. I had intended to research Sterbak’s use of materials, however found them to be heavily recognized as body instruments and presented in a very literal fashion. I define apparel suggesting a category of social awareness related to the use or function of a garment. Ways of seeing apparel involve unassuming materials combined in a manner that insists they be viewed from a predetermined perspective.

Place, or environment, conditions the consumer to wear apparel accordingly. It may not be socially acceptable to wear athletic apparel to a funeral or wedding. Consumers conform to the function of apparel. In other words, each inter-related environment acts as reinforcement to the identity of apparel and the individual wearing it. In Space and Place, author Yi-Fu Tuan explains, ‘most people function with the five senses, and these constantly reinforce each other to provide the intricately ordered and emotion-charged world in which we live’.¹ This sense of place plays a key role in the conditioning of identity. The fabricated environments I have constructed in this body of work allow the viewer to contemplate their familiarity with surroundings and question their fabricated identities.

From my perspective, as a female, I examine how the male psyche constructs and assimilates identity through the relationship created between apparel and its relative environment. Through the process of making, I focus on male-themed materials and utilize my female role as a medium or working tool. There is an aesthetic function of
men’s apparel that is loosely based on ideological themes of masculinity and the concept of manhood. Through this thesis I explore how cultural assumptions are made, as well as perceived, in relation to masculinity.

I perceive the function of men’s apparel as providing a hinge, or entry point into the male identity, ultimately examining themes such as gender roles, sexuality, social class and age. Sexuality plays a crucial role in this thesis body of work by isolating the male physique and embedding meaning into the apparel that comes in contact with the chest, feet, genitals and torso. In addition to sexuality, age impacts the various genres of men’s apparel and targets what is socially accepted as opposed to what is publicly scrutinized. My work comments on the artificial fixation of age, sex, gender and class and attempts to look beyond the function of apparel and ultimately reinvent it.

What I am most concerned with are the underlying, or unsightly, garments, the garments that most people do not wish to consider, that create the most intimate of relations between a man’s physique as well as psyche. Men identify with the function of a garment as providing a backbone, or certainty of maleness, transcending the self seamlessly through the function of apparel. In other words, the impact of men’s apparel invades the social condition of the male psyche.

By manipulating and transforming garments such as galoshes, I am exposing an inner structure of gender and self-awareness. The process of manipulating mundane apparel and its inter-related environment allows me to focus attention on the physical and psychological functions of men’s apparel. Through the use of apparel as a tool, and space as a format, I want to evoke strong reactions related to the construction and the assimilation of the male identity.
Notes

Social Commentary

Men and women are social beings. I am influenced by the social interactions between myself and, specifically, men. I observe men during moments of mundane existence when there possibly seems to be a lack of awareness or concern for the physical condition and how it cohabits with the male psyche. This is the moment when I consider the male psyche to be the most fluid, the most pliable. Observing men during the unspoken ritual of dressing and undressing offers an entry point into the social condition of the male. This is where I see men’s apparel playing a role in the constructing of the male identity. As an artist I attempt to focus attention on this by transforming, otherwise, abstract or mundane apparel, which is the remnant of the body, into emotionally charged artifacts.

As much emphasis as I am placing on the male, my role as the female offers the male psyche a reaffirmation of the self. In other words, when confronted with the opposite sex, the male gender gains a strong awareness of his masculinity. This is exactly what I observe when I get my tires rotated. Influenced by a very raw, dirty and noisy environment, as exhibited in “Service Station”, I am very conscious of the sexually charged, masculine surroundings; black rubber cables, grimy tire treads, the smell of oil, grease and stale coffee. The mechanics creeper, fabricated out of shop towels, wood and casters, hints at the transporting of a body from one space to another simply by rolling across a garage floor. This demonstrates how this environment is defined by the existence of the male physique. My intent is to incorporate and redefine these elements found within the garage and question how they impact the social roles taken on by the
uniformed men. Apparel that is worn in a setting such as a garage assists in the assemblage or construction of the utilitarian male identity.

Uniforms are perceived as a wearable document of identity. Society has become familiar with the role of uniforms as a result of social conditioning, which confirms value, identity and function. Upon seeing a gas station attendant’s uniform the viewer is hit with the physical performance of changing tires, oil changes, replacing spark plugs, etc. In addition to job performance, a grease stained uniform comments on the social rank of the individual wearing it. A gas station attendant’s uniform, as opposed to an executive’s three-piece suit, infers status, social class and acceptance. Apparel that is worn in such a setting as a garage assists in the assemblage or construction of the utilitarian male identity.

Social acceptance plays a crucial role in the portrayal of manhood. The male gender identifies with ritualistic acts of labor. The daily transformation of the self to and from work is executed through the simple act of dressing. The daily ritual of dressing
offers the male psyche an entry point towards social awareness and public acceptance.

My grandfather was a Methodist preacher and I can recall watching him dress for Sunday mass. It seemed to almost be a transformation of the self, with each article of clothing such as shirts and slacks down to accessories such as socks, belt and a tie.
Cultural Impact

Maurice Merleau-Ponty suggests the notion of the lived body and explains that perceptions produce cultural identity. ‘The body is therefore a hinge; an articulation of the world’. How we perceive our culture ultimately explains how we perceive ourselves. However, this presents a possible contrast to what others may perceive. There is a visual language involved with the identity of the self. In the piece entitled, “Dr. Johnson”, I articulate a visual dialogue using familiar objects such as a padded toilet seat, linoleum tiles and bandages. These materials can potentially be perceived as archaic, old-fashioned or expired. By juxtaposing a medical army bandage into the assemblage of a jockstrap, I intend to emphasize the patriarchal doctor and his cultural impact on the aging of male culture.

Fig.3. Janet Winkie, Dr. Johnson, 2006. Mixed media.
I observe the male gender as the sum of all thematic materials found within our culture. In other words, culture has provided gender-laden meaning on everything from a man’s sock to a blue shirt. I mean, when it comes down to it, it really is just a sock and a shirt…no matter what gender you are. During my process of making I rely on signifiers of cultural awareness, drawing me to materials that scream “male”. As an artist, I am inspired to draw attention to cultural meaning and how society defines what is male simply through an article of clothing.

Performance artist, filmmaker and sculptor, Matthew Barney, insists, ‘it is so very hard to become a man…Everything threatens to beat us down, to strip us of our biological birthright’.Matthew Barney’s definitions of male sexuality and gender traits are inspiring, as is his perspective on male dominance and social acceptance. There is a mental and physical transformation of the self in what contemporary society defines as maturity. The cultural instinct of the male triggers a bodily awareness related to how the male physique is perceived and ultimately accepted. I observe the male figure allowing an outside force to pull the strings of his existence, unaware of the cultural forces swaying his decisions of what to wear or how to act.

The focus of this thesis is to dissect four male figures identified within contemporary society. These male figures may seem stereotypical or cliché. Using this cliché to my advantage allows the viewer to approach and relate to a more universal male figure. Everyone has gone to the doctor at some point in his or her life. We have all experienced the awkward eight-minute doctor’s visit. I am interested in who this doctor is and the process involved in the construction of the self.
Notes


**Spatial Environment**

Emphasizing male identity and each correlating environment applies to the cultural layers of society’s perception of masculinity. As much as society identifies with the clichéd image of men they also relate to each corresponding space and place, offering a stage or platform for the social interaction we inevitably find ourselves in. My “staging” of male-themed spaces offers dialogue pertaining to the performance of male sexuality and allows new ways of seeing how men are socially identified. I am not looking to recreate environments, rather to stage a moment of male existence. Constructing absurd and humorous interiors invites the possibility to consider how space renders fabrication as opposed to reality. In other words, how much does a fabricated environment impact the assimilation of a fabricated identity?

The inside of a men’s locker room carries with it an unspeakable air of dominance and truth. Male dominance is personified by way of physical stamina, virility and evidence of body hair, characterizing the locker room environment as a potential battleground that emotionally impacts various occurrences. Coming from my perspective as a female “spectator”, I perceive a men’s locker room as a sexually charged environment, yielding brutally honest physical traits such as phallus size, sexual performance and personal hygiene. These surroundings comment on the cultural awareness and acceptance of the self and the diverse spectrum of gender adequacy.

Spaces related to recreation, profession, domestic life and social status are highlighted in this thesis. I have created spatial environments that directly link
each constructed male identity. By incorporating found objects I have presented
unassuming materials from an absurd and unexpected perspective. In the piece entitled
“Dr. Johnson”, I fabricated the shelves inside a medicine cabinet out of Ace bandages,
which creates a physical intimacy of the male doctor “wrapped” around the interior
details of an examination room. I am applying the familiarity or intimacy of objects
related to the body and reversing its internal function into external design.

Sculptor and installation artist, Robert Gober, provides formal, yet thought
provoking, insight related to constructed environments and the familiarity of space.
Gober’s success as an artist came as a result of many years as a carpenter. What I like
about his work is his application of space in transit, or transitory space. In other words,
his installations portray a spatial reference beyond what he presents. Gober incorporates
illusions related to the human condition and gender identity. Nothing is ever what it
seems to be.

In Gober’s 1992 installation at Dia Center for the Arts, in New York City, it is
evident that emotional content materializes in Gober’s object making and installations.
Gober states that his body of work is ‘formally rigorous but emotionally messy.’

Fig. 6 and 7, Janet Winkie, Dr. Johnson (detail) and sketch, 2006.
is a formal simplicity to a white, porcelain sink and a pile of newspapers, which are perceived as having a function, yet at the same time formulate a hidden message relating to hygiene, dialogue and utilitarianism. The function of a newspaper is to communicate information to a wide audience. Object making employs the application of function.

Gober’s objects require bodily use in order to fully complete its function, which in turn, transports the viewer to another space. In order to fabricate new and imaginative realities, I deconstruct spatial elements. Spatial reference is defined by the inclusion of objects. The use of found and fabricated objects provides definition to the surrounding space. In “Service Station” the mechanics creeper, fabricated out of shop towels, wood and casters, hints at the transporting of a body from one space to another simply by rolling across a garage floor. Because a mechanics uniform embodies the creeper, the viewer is faced with the physical impact a mechanics body has on the interior of a garage. This demonstrates how this environment is defined by the existence of the male physique.

Intimacy of space translates into the spatial conditions of sculpture. My goal as an artist is to invite the viewer into an intimate and familiar setting where objects known to be private are presented as public domain. In “Phys. Ed.” I have created an inviting space in which the viewer steps directly into a seamless reality. Staging the layout of a volleyball court requires the physical placement of team players, or in my case, the viewer, translating the function of the defined space. In “Phys. Ed.” my intent was to stage an opportunity for a spectacle. As the role of the viewer transforms into team player, the space itself transforms into a volleyball court, bringing with it elements that suggest physical fitness, performance anxiety and the impact of body image.
Men’s white briefs are cut with scissors, removing all cotton fabric that normally graces the skin of both buttock and hips. The remaining materials, made up of elastic, seams and cotton, visually transform a man’s brief into the fragmented appearance of a jockstrap. By using jockstraps as a sculptural medium, I am presenting concepts of the male body in an intimately fragmented manner which, when linked together, construct a conceptual as well as functional volleyball net. Through the process of cutting and isolating the critical “goods” related to male genitalia, I am suggesting a violent alteration of apparel intended to subtly comment on themes related to male castration. These subtle themes provide an underlying framework to the overall absurdity or humor related to the concept of volleyball nets and the visual appeal of men’s briefs.

The maleness of a locker room coexists with the masculine perceptions of each male figure placed in these surroundings. The male psyche relies on the appearance or staging of environment to reaffirm what is or is not defined as male culture. In “Phys.
Ed.” my intent was to construct a visually sterile environment yet simultaneously incorporate materials identified as garments associated with sweat, semen and body hair. I have fabricated an artificial environment involving elements inspired by a men’s locker room that correlate athletic performance with sexual performance of the male. My application of found objects and assemblage offer a humorous look at the psychological threat to the male ego as well as cultural perceptions of masculinity.

Notes

The Body: Absence and Presence

‘Our body is not in space like things; it inhabits or haunts space. It applies itself to space like a hand to an instrument, and when we wish to move about we do not move the body as we move an object. We transport it without instruments as if by magic, since it is ours and because through it we have direct access to space.’

-Maurice Merleau-Ponty

My body defines my vision, which is an outline of knowledge. When we see objects or spaces we see our preexisting relationship to it. I do not want the viewer to be confronted with a literal representation of the human form. This would cause emphasis to be placed on the external, surface-oriented body rather than the internal or lived body. In order to avoid the literal body, I choose to define the body as a vehicle or prop. I view props as inhabiting space, orienting them as compositional elements, causing relative impact within a composed or fabricated environment.

My work suggests a human presence, or essence, in what might normally be perceived as mundane apparel, as well as mundane activities. Human essence speaks from many voices, not just one singularity, and evokes a bodily link in relation to formalism. The form of men’s apparel often portrays a place of activity or function. Apparel such as ties, jockstraps and work shirts comment on the action implied by the garment. The function of men’s apparel offers the male an opportunity to personify the action of the garment. This action is implied by utilitarian details such as elastic, silk, heavy-duty cotton and polyester.

By presenting the body as artifact, I primarily focus on its absence. That is, I am more concerned with cerebral elements and rely on the object’s visual cues, which have
acquired an intimacy with the body. Intimate objects such as socks, jocks, shirts or pants hold a physical relationship with the body and its exterior skin. Objects that display the absence of the body evoke an essence of the body. Through this thesis I encourage the viewer to conceptually “inhabit” the vacated objects such as bandages, jocks, shirts and shoes. These found or fabricated objects serve as visual stimuli that evoke the essence of physical and sexual traits that act as a common thread within the human psyche.

In the piece entitled “Phys. Ed.”, I perceive jockstraps as an extension of the male gender. By placing the human form, such as testicles, in the garment, the role of the jockstrap is enacted or performed, ultimately providing the material’s form and meaning. Through a process of manipulation and reworking the medium I question the value and meaning of jockstraps and ultimately construct a new and imaginative function. Men’s
apparel is fully engaged and identified as male when specifically worn by the male gender.

Ann Hamilton’s installations, sculptures and films explore perceptions of the body and its role in symbolic meaning. Working with remnants of the body, the impact of symbolic meaning communicates a heightened awareness of the body’s existence. I am interested in Hamilton utilizing apparel as a symbolic medium through which the viewer can achieve a deeper understanding of the metaphysical impact of both mind and body. Hamilton approaches “the human figure as a site through which to explore perceptual awareness and “aspects” of our being.” I appreciate the lack of the absolute or the concrete. Her use of the human presence does not simply play the role of storyteller; rather it is viewed more as a vessel through which one can fully recount the visual and cerebral experience.

Ann Hamilton’s body of work holds an enticing amount of mystery, sensuality and ambiguity. Charleston, South Carolina set the stage for Hamilton’s 1991 installation entitled “indigo blue”, which was later reconstructed and reinstalled in 2007 at The San Francisco Museum of Modern Art. The artist incorporated 18,000 items of blue cotton work clothing, piling them in a uniform fashion, creating a formal simplicity to the overwhelming content of physical labor. Based on the presentation of “indigo blue”, Hamilton states, “the shape that it makes is a kind of belly form, a kind of torso, but it’s made up of all these individual parts that are sort of like empty bodies.” In “Domain” I translate the symbolism of blue collar versus white collar, commenting on social rank and personal wealth. Five dress shirts, representing five work days of the week, are intended to hint at a shedding of the executive’s skin at the end of each day; a removal of the body.
My use of blue dress shirts, layered in an orderly fashion, offers a parallel to the tactile qualities as Hamilton’s, however “Domain” focuses on the elitist approach to physical labor or lack thereof.

I am interested in Hamilton’s tactile quality of cloth as a medium. ‘Cloth, like human skin, is a membrane that divides an interior from an exterior. It both reveals and conceals.’iv Men’s apparel equates itself to skin by the mere act of laying directly on it. I perceive clothing and apparel as a thin membrane between the internal body and the skin of the identity. Culturally however, men identify apparel as a way in which to reveal as much of a man as they are, and in contrast, conceal how ambiguous their masculinity is, or might be, perceived.
In contrast to subtlety and ambiguity, I am triggered by themes relating to the abjection of the male body. Abject themes, such as jock itch and personal hygiene, strike a nerve that comments on the physical imperfection of the male physique. Smell or sound compile a physical vocabulary of the self and comment on where our existence fits into the surrounding culture. As a result of digging through drawers of men’s used socks and underwear, an abject experience began to materialize during my process of collecting material for “Phys. Ed.”. It was not clear whether I was more grossed out with myself, or the used men’s briefs I was handling!

Author, Julia Kristeva states abjection as a moment when ‘one is neither subject or object. When one is in a state of abjection, the borders between the object and the subject cannot be maintained.’ The viewers own regressions come to the surface when faced with the ugly, distasteful or strange. It is not the object, such as a jockstrap, that is abject; merely, the cultural connotations that adhere to an object functioning in close proximity to the male genitalia.

Notes


3. www.sfgate.com


Process and Assemblage

The bulk of this thesis work was made as a result of three major resources; thrift stores, fabric stores and hardware stores. As a mixed media artist I rely heavily on the use of found objects. That is, objects that visually speak to me while perusing the aisles of retail stores. I introduce spontaneity and the application of surprise into my process of making as a result of allowing myself to respond to visual and tactile stimuli. During my process of making, found objects are deconstructed, altered or manipulated, causing a loss of function, yet ultimately leading to a rebirth of materials and meaning.

The process of discovering objects allows a full comprehension of the object’s significance or potential value as a sculptural medium. I often respond to objects based on their three-dimensional qualities such as color, scale and construction. During my process of collecting materials I respond to ambiguous objects that trigger a further knowing or understanding of its relationship to the body. An object such as a padded vinyl toilet seat can be read as ambiguous as a result of not fully knowing its function or intent. In “Dr. Johnson”, this toilet seat could be read as a life preserver as well as a healing aid for a patient suffering from hemorrhoids. With the introduction of rolling casters, I distance myself from the visual meaning of a toilet seat and deconstruct its function and value, ultimately redefining its spatial significance to a medical environment.

Fig. 19. Janet Winkie, Dr. Johnson (detail), 2006.
The clichéd male image I am constructing is significant when it comes to the details of first impressions and social appearances. “Domain” emphasizes the importance of the tailored dress shirt, suitable for the corporate office. Details such as sock garters and wallpaper communicate the superficial anxieties of appearance and how the suburban male image is socially accepted. The construction of this identity was strongly influenced by my decisions related to the selection of sculptural materials, which provide deeper content and meaning. The five dress shirts are arranged in a manner that references a door, complete with doorknob, hinges and hook. This door is intended to represent two ideas: a psychological doorway into the male identity and the physical door of an executive’s office. The internal anxieties of the executive male and his place of work are reversed into the external shell of appearances of blue dress shirts worn five days a week.

Fig. 20, Janet Winkie, *Domain*, 2006. Mixed Media

Fig. 21. Janet Winkie, sketch of *Domain*, 2006
“Domain” portrays the business executive whose social inadequacies are supplemented with material goods and the artificiality of domestic life. By juxtaposing sock garters and frilly wallpaper, I am interpreting this man to be creatively exhausted, socially awkward, unsure of his sexuality and concerned with appearances. The importance of five tailored shirts and fully elasticized socks stress how the male personae is or is not perceived as successful and ultimately homogenized. Questioning possible inadequacies or the possession of both gender traits influences my perceptions of male identity. I was inspired by the emasculated male culture of the 1950’s and how it attentively catered to the glossy image of men’s apparel and accessories.

There is a method to dressing the body and shoes tend to be the final detail, completing the ensemble of one’s appearance. Rubber galoshes are worn directly over shoes and act as a vehicle of protection from nature’s elements. I recall observing my grandfather pulling his rubber galoshes over his shiny, black wingtip shoes, signifying a form of self-preservation. My grandfather’s shiny black shoes provided him with a great sense of identity and personal meaning. In regards to “Domain”, I have responded to galoshes as found objects and reassigned material value through process and manipulation of medium. As a result of slicing, filleting and reassembling rubber galoshes, I constructed a man’s rubber vest allowing me to redefine the function of galoshes as potentially protecting or preserving the white-collar image as well as the internal makeup of this male specimen.

During my process of collecting materials and handling men’s garments, I was able to mentally embody the male figures explored in this thesis. Concepts of male identity are able to surface during my process of making, posing questions and concerns,
pertaining to how male culture is perceived by the viewing public. In order to explore personal interests related to gender, I intuitively collect found materials such as baseball pants, briefs, and socks, allowing for abject assumptions to be made related to the male body and its byproduct of sweat. I found myself in a state of abjection during one memorable visit to a thrift store in Newark, New York. Accepting the fact that the briefs I was handling were at one time in contact with a man’s testicles was almost too much to comprehend. After the sense of embarrassment subsided, the critical handling or manipulating of materials, related to male genitals, revealed a relationship or familiarity of the male body. This visceral element offers content and material meaning to what would normally be a generic or pedestrian volleyball net.

Intuition plays a role in my process of making. I follow my intuition when it comes to choosing my materials and objects, as well as during my process of medium manipulation. In order to fully explore sculptural mediums, the artist must manipulate the chosen medium, exhausting all applications, orientations and arrangements. Each manipulation triggers one response after the other, offering a deeper appreciation for the process of making and the exploration of materials. Sculptor and installation artist, Kiki Smith once stated ‘the more you manipulate it…the more life you put into it.’ Investing new life into objects and materials presents evidence of personal interest. I believe fully knowing your materials allows for the artist to extract the mediums full potential and invest personal meaning and content.

The process of manipulation potentially leads to a playfulness of materials. Imagination, chance and play provide a pathway towards externalizing traits of the body. On several occasions I found myself simply playing with my galoshes, trying them on,
wearing them around the studio and laughing at myself. This represents a last glimpse at
the function of a galosh before it is altered with scissors and thread, and redefined in form
and object. Physically altering found objects lends an arresting effect to their function.
The moment a rubber galosh is cut there is no turning back to its original condition or
intent. Imagination, chance and play allow the concept of a rubber galosh to be
transported into form and object causing a reversal of internal traits to be expressed as
external.

The metamorphosis of material creates a visual dialogue commenting on the
function or origin of any sculptural material. In other words, the more an artist pulls a
material from its original found state; an awareness of the transformative steps involved
resulting in the final presentation become even more evident. However there is a limit as
far as how much manipulation causes a sock to lose its origin or identity. Failure of this
evidence surfacing in my work would create a lack of clarity related to concepts of male
apparel and physical performance. As a result of manipulation, I was inspired to create a
tension between objects presented and the mediums utilized. My goal was to transform
each material to the point where the viewer is distanced from the materials original
function.

Ways of assembling vary from sewing and wrapping to nailing and riveting.
Assemblage requires the minimum of two elements coming together to create a whole.
During this process, levels of ambiguity are present when various materials are compiled
and arranged. I prefer to define my materials with the least amount of literal or technical
process. In other words, a process strongly defined and identified by technique such as
casting, welding, carving or printing would offer a one sided perspective, dictating how
the materials were constructed or fabricated, ultimately preventing the viewer from
discovering levels of playfulness, utilitarianism and ambiguity related to assemblage. By
compiling ambiguous materials, I treat the assemblage process with equal amounts of
intent, function and perception. My goal is to create objects that are perceived as
utilitarian, store bought or readily available for use. I methodically arrange and execute a
process of assemblage that is efficient, cost effective and visually stimulating.

Notes

   Season Two, Kiki Smith, 7.5 hours. Distributed by PBS Home Video, 2003. DVD.
Conclusion

Exploring the male physique allows a deeper appreciation of gender roles and sexuality to surface in relation to apparel. The male identity is enhanced through the use of apparel and its function of constructing the ideal image of masculinity. Apparel signifies a universal symbol of human culture. As an extension of the self, apparel affects the psyche and its close proximity with identity. Meaning, how men identify themselves largely has to do with what they wear and where they wear it.

The male figure inhabits space and assimilates its constructed identity in front of the viewing public. My goal for this body of work involves isolating private spaces and translating them to public domain. In “Dr. Johnson”, providing the viewer with minimal yet identifiable surroundings, such as a medical exam room, opens the doorway to building a relationship with the constructed identity of a doctor. By using a minimal palette of white and beige, I am presenting a very sterile, uncomplicated and utilitarian environment. The viewer’s spatial experience of the examination room is defined by their physical awareness, approachability and mental condition. In other words, the more a person is aware of their physical and mental state the more perspective they are able to gain on what role they play when approaching a fabricated, yet recognizable environment.

Apparel requires bodily use in order to fully execute its intent or function. The body cohabits with the exterior shell identified as apparel. Fully experiencing apparel requires the act of dressing and immersing the body into garments. Through repetitive handling of men’s apparel, I am able to embody or familiarize myself with both sexual and physiological traits of the male body. In “Phys. Ed.”, exploring the function of
jockstraps heightened the importance of their intent, function and performance with the male body. This thesis explores concepts of apparel as providing an extension of the self. In addition to jockstraps, isolating the extended function of a sock provides the viewer with a heightened experience and a deeper understanding of socks and how they are socially perceived. Socks carry a stigma of smell, stains and disposability. As a result of exploring socks as a medium, I have directly and collectively linked its relationship with the human foot and all abject traits such as fungus, sweat and odor.

Throughout my process of making, the act of handling or manipulating objects allows for a deeper appreciation of a medium. The more I altered men’s briefs, the stronger my relationship became with their function and the male body they were intended for. In “Phys. Ed.”, the process of cutting and altering is evident, initiating an approach to the male body as unclean, smelly or hairy. Through process and the handling of male strangeness, I have created an open dialogue based on a better understanding of gender differences and familiarities. By familiarizing myself with male artifacts, I am able to put more feeling and emotion into the process, and inevitably, the sculptural medium.

Ambiguity played a key role in the collecting, manipulating and assembling of sculptural materials. While collecting found objects, I would respond to materials that did not provide a clear definition to their function or intent. This allowed me to reinvent and assign material value and meaning. The juxtaposition between shop towels and a mechanic’s creeper opens up an ambiguous dialogue of function, performance and social class. In “Service Station” blue shop towels were explored as a textile as opposed to a cheap and disposable paper good, often related to lower-class domestic materials.
Whether in a pocket or hand, a mechanic comes in close contact with blue shop towels, forming a relationship based on job performance or identity. While collecting a timeline of grease, the auto mechanic identifies his job performance within every fiber of a blue shop towel.

The installation process proved to be a playground for assemblage, allowing composition and self-editing to play key roles in the physical arrangement of each piece, defining the space and the viewer’s perspective. As a result of working with sculptural components and parts, many of my pieces awaited to be fully compiled until the time of installation. Within the gallery space I was able to visualize the dialogue spoken between each assemblage, relating to one another as if they each had something in common. “Domain” involved the installing of a hinged door, creating a moment of staging or constructing an entryway into the male identity, reinforcing the impact of space and place. As a result of assembling the installation on-site, “Domain” lacked a fleshing out of components and the surrounding space, creating a very frontal or static presentation. Unexpectedly, this does not discourage my clichéd image of a suburban, business executive lacking social interests or cultural achievements, possibly perceived as being somewhat boring or stale.

It was a liberating experience to invest new life into found objects. I felt it was a success when the viewer would identify and question the function of ambiguous materials and their place of origin. The social experiences presented throughout this thesis comment on how space, objects and the body impact what we come to define as gender. These visual and cerebral elements alter perceptions of men’s apparel and allow for the construction of identity to be assimilated and performed.
Bibliography


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